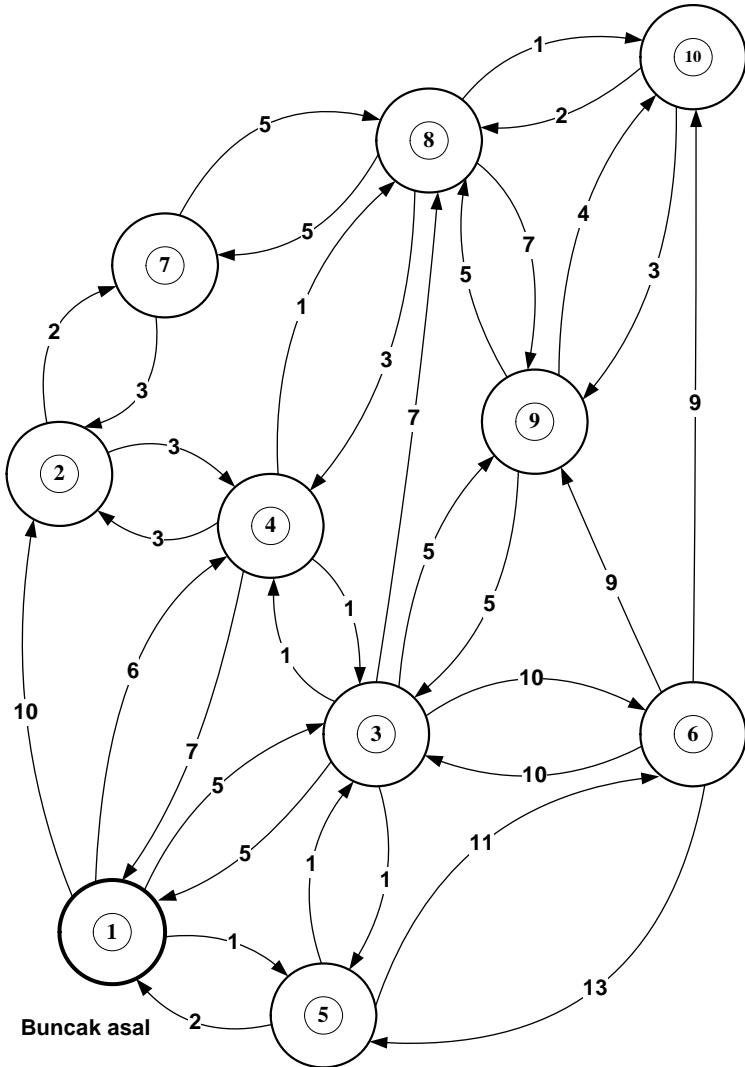


TSP - Travelling Salesperson Problem

Oleh:

Dr. Ir. H. Muhammad Sutarno, S.H.I., M.Sc., M.Ag.

Perhatikan jaringan TSP di bawah ini. Mulai dari buncak 1 kembali ke buncak 1.



TSP - Travelling Salesperson Problem

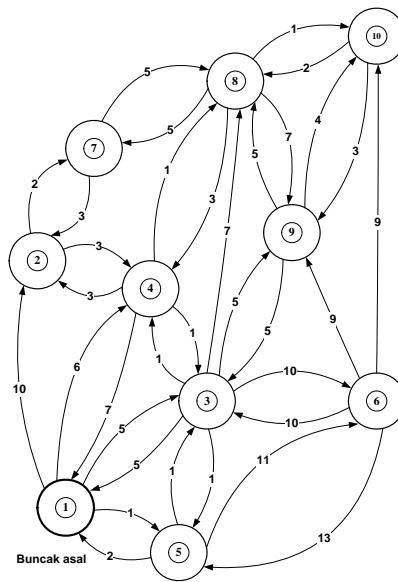
Buncak asal. $s := 1$ dan nomer buncak terbesar $t := 10$

Persoalannya adalah mana lintas yang harus dilintasi dari buncak asal kembali ke buncak asal dan harus melewati semua buncak lainnya hanya sekali saja agar jarak tempuh totalnya minimum.

Jaringkerja TSP di atas dapat dinyatakan dalam matriks kedekatan X (*adjacency matrix*) di bawah ini:

Matriks kedekatan (*adjacency matrix*):

$$X := \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



Dari buncak 1 ada hubungan ke arah buncak 2, 3, 4, 5; dan hubungan dengan arah tersebut di beri nilai satu. Untuk yang tidak ada hubungan dari buncak 1 diberi nilai nol.

Contoh nilai kedekatan $X_{1,j}$ dari buncak 1 ke arah buncak j :

$$X_{1,1} = 0 \quad X_{1,6} = 0$$

$$X_{1,2} = 1 \quad X_{1,7} = 0$$

$$X_{1,3} = 1 \quad X_{1,8} = 0$$

$$X_{1,4} = 1 \quad X_{1,9} = 0 \quad X_{1,4} = 1$$

$$X_{1,5} = 1 \quad X_{1,10} = 0$$

TSP - Travelling Salesperson Problem

Contoh nilai kedekatan $X_{3,j}$ dari buncak 3 ke arah buncak j :

$$X_{3,1} = 1 \quad X_{3,6} = 1$$

$$X_{3,2} = 0 \quad X_{3,7} = 0$$

$$X_{3,3} = 0 \quad X_{3,8} = 1$$

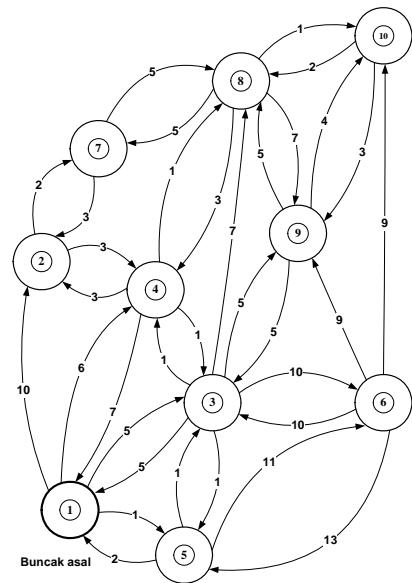
$$X_{3,4} = 1 \quad X_{3,9} = 1$$

$$X_{3,5} = 1 \quad X_{3,10} = 0$$

Matriks jarak (*distance matrix*) untuk jaring kerja TSP ini dari buncak i ke buncak j dalam satuan jarak seperti tampak di bawah ini:

$$D_{i,j} = \infty \quad \infty := 10^9 \quad (\text{"angka ini peka"}) \quad \text{untuk cabang "i,j" yang tidak ada}$$

$$D := \begin{pmatrix} \infty & 10 & 5 & 6 & 1 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & 3 & \infty & \infty & 2 & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 5 & \infty & \infty & 1 & 1 & 10 & \infty & 7 & 5 & \infty \\ 7 & 3 & 1 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & 1 & \infty & \infty \\ 2 & \infty & 1 & \infty & \infty & 11 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 10 & \infty & 13 & \infty & \infty & \infty & 9 & 9 \\ \infty & 3 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & 5 & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & 3 & \infty & \infty & 5 & \infty & 7 & 1 \\ \infty & \infty & 5 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & 5 & \infty & 4 \\ \infty & 2 & 3 & \infty \end{pmatrix}$$



Contoh:

$$D_{1,4} = 6$$

$$D_{4,8} = 1$$

$$D_{8,4} = 3$$

Jawab persoalan di atas adalah mencari matriks alir F yang memminimumkan jarak tempuh total. Secara matematis dapat dirumuskan sebagai berikut:

$$\underset{i=1}{\text{minimize}} \sum_{j=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} \sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} (D_{i,j} F_{i,j} X_{i,j})$$

dengan kendala/Given:

TSP - Travelling Salesperson Problem

1. Semua aliran (*flow*) yang keluar dari buncak asal 1 yaitu $F_{1,j}$, $i = 1..t$ jumlahnya harus sama dengan satu.

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{1,j} = 1$$

2. Semua aliran (*flow*) yang masuk ke buncak asal 1 yaitu $F_{i,1}$, $i = 1..t$ jumlahnya harus sama dengan satu.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,1} = 1$$

2. Konservasi alir:

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{k,j} = \sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,k} \quad k \in \text{HimpunBuncakAntara}$$

Di buncak antara:

Jumlah aliran yang keluar dari buncak antara = jumlah aliran yang masuk ke buncak antara

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{k,j} = 1$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,k} = 1$$

4. Angka setiap aliran F adalah biner 1 atau nol.

$$s = 1 \quad t = 10$$

$$i := 1.. \text{rows}(X) \quad \text{rows}(X) = 10$$

$$j := 1.. \text{cols}(X) \quad \text{cols}(X) = 10$$

TSP - Travelling Salesperson Problem

Nilai tamu F :
$$F := \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Fungsi tujuan minimisasi jarak tempuh total:

$$z(F) := \sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} \sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} (D_{i,j} F_{i,j} X_{i,j})$$

$$s = 1 \quad t = 10 \quad \text{cols}(X) = 10 \quad \text{rows}(X) = 10$$

Given

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{1,j} = 1 \quad F_{1,1} = 0 \quad F_{1,6} = 0 \quad F_{1,7} = 0 \quad F_{1,8} = 0 \quad F_{1,9} = 0 \\ F_{1,10} = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,1} = 1 \quad \sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{1,j} = \sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,1}$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{2,j} = \sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,2} \quad F_{2,1} = 0 \quad F_{2,2} = 0 \quad F_{2,3} = 0 \quad F_{2,5} = 0 \quad F_{2,6} = 0 \\ F_{2,8} = 0 \quad F_{2,9} = 0 \quad F_{2,10} = 0$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{2,j} = 1$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,2} = 1$$

TSP - Travelling Salesperson Problem

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{3,j} = \sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,3} \quad F_{3,2} = 0 \quad F_{3,3} = 0 \quad F_{3,7} = 0 \quad F_{3,10} = 0$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{3,j} = 1$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,3} = 1$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{4,j} = \sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,4} \quad F_{4,4} = 0 \quad F_{4,5} = 0 \quad F_{4,6} = 0 \quad F_{4,7} = 0 \quad F_{4,9} = 0$$

$$F_{4,10} = 0$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{4,j} = 1$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,4} = 1$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{5,j} = \sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,5} \quad F_{5,2} = 0 \quad F_{5,4} = 0 \quad F_{5,5} = 0 \quad F_{5,7} = 0 \quad F_{5,8} = 0$$

$$F_{5,9} = 0 \quad F_{5,10} = 0$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{5,j} = 1$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,5} = 1$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{6,j} = \sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,6} \quad F_{6,1} = 0 \quad F_{6,2} = 0 \quad F_{6,4} = 0 \quad F_{6,6} = 0 \quad F_{6,7} = 0$$

$$F_{6,8} = 0$$

TSP - Travelling Salesperson Problem

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{6,j} = 1$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,6} = 1$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{7,j} = \sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,7} \quad F_{7,1} = 0 \quad F_{7,3} = 0 \quad F_{7,4} = 0 \quad F_{7,5} = 0 \quad F_{7,6} = 0$$

$$F_{7,7} = 0 \quad F_{7,9} = 0 \quad F_{7,10} = 0$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{7,j} = 1$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,7} = 1$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{8,j} = \sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,8} \quad F_{8,1} = 0 \quad F_{8,2} = 0 \quad F_{8,3} = 0 \quad F_{8,5} = 0 \quad F_{8,6} = 0$$

$$F_{8,8} = 0$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{8,j} = 1$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,8} = 1$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{9,j} = \sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,9} \quad F_{9,1} = 0 \quad F_{9,2} = 0 \quad F_{9,4} = 0 \quad F_{9,5} = 0 \quad F_{9,6} = 0$$

$$F_{9,7} = 0 \quad F_{9,9} = 0$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{9,j} = 1$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,9} = 1$$

TSP - Travelling Salesperson Problem

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{10,j} = \sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,10} \quad F_{10,1} = 0 \quad F_{10,2} = 0 \quad F_{10,3} = 0 \quad F_{10,4} = 0 \quad F_{10,5} = 0$$

$$F_{10,6} = 0 \quad F_{10,7} = 0 \quad F_{10,10} = 0$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\text{cols}(X)} F_{10,j} = 1$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\text{rows}(X)} F_{i,10} = 1$$

$$F_{5,1} = 0 \quad F_{2,7} = 0$$

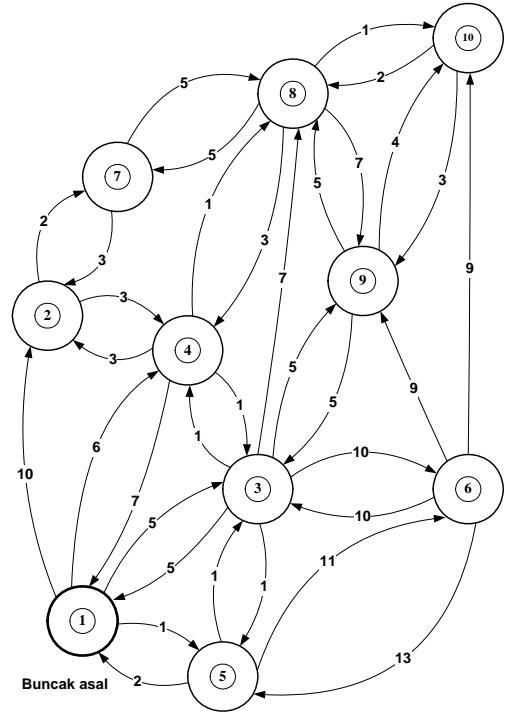
$$F \geq 0$$

$$F := \text{Minimize}(z, F)$$

$$F =$$

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
7	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

$$z(F) = 44$$



TSP - Travelling Salesperson Problem

Lintas TSP-nya dalam bentuk vektor:

```


$$LTSP(F) := \begin{cases} k \leftarrow 1 \\ m \leftarrow s \\ VL_1 \leftarrow s \\ \text{while } 1 \\ \quad \begin{cases} k \leftarrow k + 1 \\ VL_k \leftarrow \text{match} \left[ 1, \left( F^T \right)^{\langle m \rangle} \right]_1 \\ m \leftarrow \text{match} \left[ 1, \left( F^T \right)^{\langle m \rangle} \right]_1 \\ \quad \text{break if } m = 1 \end{cases} \\ VL \end{cases}$$


```

Lintas TSP-nya dalam bentuk vektor :

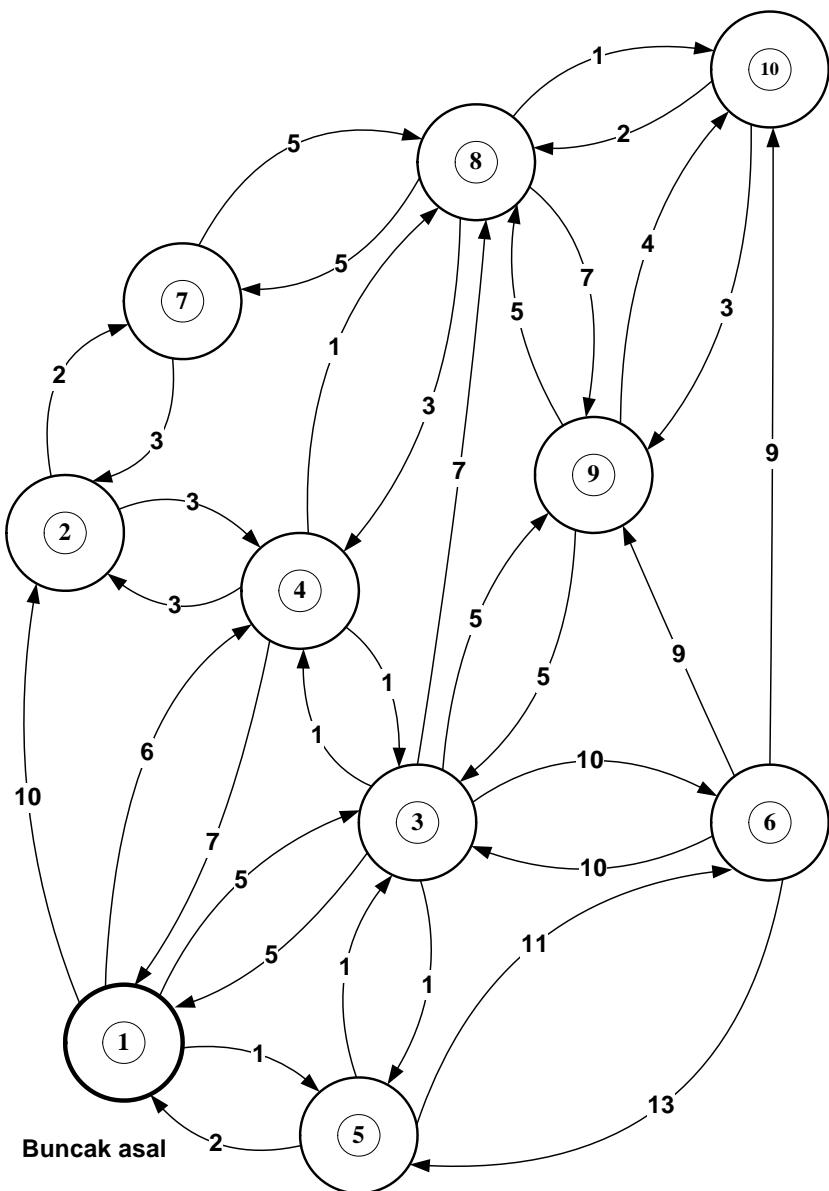
Nilai lintas paling pendek :

$$NTSP(F) := z(F)$$

$$NTSP(F) = 44$$

	1	1
1	1	5
2	5	6
3	6	9
4	9	10
5	10	8
6	8	7
7	7	2
8	2	4
9	4	3
10	3	1
11	1	

TSP - Travelling Salesperson Problem



	1
1	1
2	5
3	6
4	9
5	10
6	8
7	7
8	2
9	4
10	3
11	1

$LTSP(F) =$